# Diocese of Bridgeport - Math Standards - Grade 2



## **BASE TEN VALUE, OPERATIONS, and THEORY**

<u>STANDARD</u> <u>SKILLS</u> <u>VOCABULARY</u>

BVOT 2.1	Understand place value of and compare three- digit numbers	·Understand the digits in a number represent, hundreds, tens and ones ·Understand that a hundred represents ten bundles of ten or one hundred ones ·The numbers 200, 300, 400 etc. represent two, three, four etc. hundreds, zero tens, zero ones ·Read, write and count to 1,000 ·Read and write numbers in word, standard, and expanded form ·Skip count by 5s, 10s, and 100s ·Compare 2 three-digit numbers using >,<, and = ·Use number sentences to represent quantitative relationships	Digit, place value, ones, tens, hundreds, thousand, bundles, represent, value, read, write, count, expand, number, numeral, compare, <,>,= equal, equivalent, relationship, standard form, expanded form
BVOT 2.2	Solve Addition and subtraction problems	·Use place value understanding to add and subtract within 1000 ·Add up to 4 two-digit numbers ·Add and subtract multiples of ten ·Use models, strategies, drawing, and place value and explain why they work ·Solve addition and subtraction real world word problems ·Estimate to solve and determine reasonableness	Add, subtract, sum, difference, addend, part, whole, world problem, number stories, solve, strategies, add on, combine, take away, take apart, multiples of ten, explain, estimate, reasonable
BVOT 2.2A	Fluently add and subtract within 100	·Mentally add and subtract within 20 ·Use strategies to solve one and two step problems ·Solve word problems involving adding to, taking from, putting together, comparing, and taking apart	Mental math, fact families, related, compare
BVOT 2.2B	Understand the relationships between addition and subtraction	·Identify and use inverse operations and fact families ·Apply the communitive property ·Identify and apply patterns to solve addition and subtraction problems	Inverse operations, fact families, communitive property, pattern, addition, subtraction, solve, explain

BVOT 2.2C	Represent addition and subtraction problems	·Use models and equations ·Solve for unknown ·Solve addition and subtraction word problems using drawings and equations ·Begin to use a symbol to represent the unknown	Equation, model, unknown, draw, symbols
BVOT 2.3	Draw conclusions about equal groups as a foundation for multiplication	Determine whether a group of objects up to 20 has an even or odd number Count by 2s Use addition to find the number of objects in an array	Even, odd, array
BVOT 2.4	Understand patterns and relationships	·Analyze and solve change of quantity patterns using addition and subtraction ·Analyze and solve change of quality patterns ·Solve patterns involving numbers, quantities, sounds, and shapes ·Identify and continue growing and repeating patterns ·Use number sentences to represent relationships	Patterns, change, amount, numbers, shape, sounds, growing, shrinking, more, less, relationship, represent



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### **DATA, MEASUREMENT and MONEY**

#### <u>STANDARD</u> <u>SKILLS</u> <u>VOCABULARY</u>

DMM 2.1	Measure, estimate, and compare length in standard units	·Use appropriate tools to measure length; ruler, yard stick, and measuring tapes ·Measure length twice using two different units ·Describe how measurement relates to unit size ·Estimate length in inches, feet, centimeters, meters ·Measure to compare length and express the difference in units ·Identify examples of measurement in daily life ·Begin to become familiar with capacity, weight, and temperature	Ruler, yard stick, measuring tape, inch, feet, centimeters, meters, measure, estimate, express, length, size, unit, gaps, overlap, relate, Celsius, Fahrenheit, thermometer, gram, gallon, cup, pound, yard
DMM 2.1A	Relate addition and subtraction to length	·Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve problems involving lengths given in the same units ·Draw pictures and write equations ·Represent whole numbers as lengths from zero on a number line	Add, subtract, solution, problem, equation, whole, part, number line, length, regroup,
DMM 2.2	Tell and write time to the nearest 5 minutes	·Tell time to the nearest five minutes on a digital and analog clock ·Write times to the nearest five minutes ·Use a.m. and p.m. ·Extend understanding and use of calendar ·Correctly write and read the date ·Ask and answer questions about time	Hours, minutes, digital, analog, a.m, p.m., o'clock, calendar, time, day, week, month, year, date, today, tomorrow, last week, next week, yesterday
DMM 2.2A	Identify and solve problems involving money	·Identify and count dollar bills, quarters, dimes, nickels, and pennies ·Use symbols correctly and appropriately ·Express the value of money in written and oral form ·Trade sets of coins with equivalent value ·Solve problems with above dollars and cents ·Ex. If you have 3 nickels and one penny, how much money do you have?	Dollars, bills, quarters, dimes, nickels, pennies, symbol, express, equivalent, cents, value, price, total, dollar sign, cent sign
DMM 2.3	Represent and interpret data and graphs	·Generate data by measuring several objects or measuring the same object several times ·Make line plots, picture, and bar graphs ·Interpret line plots, picture and bar graphs ·Solve simple problems using a graph ·Conduct simple surveys and represent the data ·Determine the likelihood of events through simple experiments and games	Measure, line plot, picture, bar graph, data, chart, tally, collect, survey, possible, impossible, likely, unlikely





#### **GEOMETRY**

<u>STANDARD</u> <u>SKILLS</u> <u>VOCABULARY</u>

G 2.1	Reason with shapes based on angles and faces	·Recognize shapes having specific attributes such as angles and faces ·Identify triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons and cubes	Attributes, angles, faces, sides, triangles, quadrilateral, pentagon, hexagon, cubes
G 2.1A	Draw shapes based on attributes	·Draw shapes having specific attributes such as angles and faces ·Draw triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons and cubes	Attributes, angles, faces, sides, triangles, quadrilateral, pentagon, hexagon, cubes
G 2.1B	Extend ability to partition shapes	·Partition rectangles into rows and columns of same size squares and count the number of them ·Partition circles and rectangles into two, three, or four equal parts ·Describe parts using halves, thirds, and fourths ·Describe the whole as four fourths, three thirds, or two halves ·Recognize that equal shares of the same whole aren't always the same shape ·Relate partitioned shapes to fractions on a number line	Rows, columns, half, halves, thirds, fourths, equal parts, equal shares, whole, fairness, column